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CUBA'S HORIZON BRIGHT DILEMMA OF THE DEPUTIES

Spain's Tyranny Drives Influential Men to the Insurgents.

THEY GIVE MONEY AND ARMS

Merchants View the Increasing Desion With Alarm, and Financial Unhealthiness Operates for the Patriots' Cause-New Government Working Smoothly.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 1, via Key West, Oct. 9.—Last night a party of twenty young men of the most prominent families of this city, left for the field, well provided with rifles and ammunition and a large quantity of provisions and medicines.

These young men, who have been working quietly for the revolution here, de-cided to continue their tabors in the field. as they had been informed against by a

Now that the Spanish government has begun to imprison respectable men in all parts of the island, many sympathizers and many who are working in the cities are leaving to join the ranks of the insurgents in the field, preferring to be there rather than to run the risk of im-

Spaniard who was working with them at

FINANCIAL SITUATION GRAVE. The financial and commercial situation f Cuba is growing worse every day, and the Spanish merchants are much disand the Spanish merchants are much dis-couraged. There is great enthusiasm, however, among the Cubans. They are very hopeful, and they speak of their utilimate triumph as a certainty, while the Spaniards consider the situation very

They plainly see the victories the rebels obtain over them in the engagements, in spite of the claims of the official reports, and they are well aware of the sym-pathy that the American people have for the cause of Cuban independence. The Cubans hope that this smypathy sooner or later will result in strong and opportune halo to the scarce.

NEW REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT. Those who argued that the Cubans rould not be recognized as belligerents because they needed to have a regular government acting, were surprised to learn that a government had been organized and the fundamental laws of the republic of Caba were formally proclaimed.

Official confirmation of this news bas ben received here and also that the in-dependence of the Island of Cuba was solemnly declared on September 23, at Anton de Poerto, Principe province.

The organization of the government with Betancourt as President, has already been announced in these dispatches

PLAN OF OPERATIONS. PLAN OF OPERATIONS.

Jose Maceo, Maso, Capote, Serafia Sanchez and Roiriguez have been appointed major generals. Jose Maceo will lead the operations in Baracoa, Guantanamo, Mayari and Santiago de Cuba, Maso in Manzanillo, Bayamo and Holguin, Sanchez in the Villas and Rodriguez in Camaguey. Gomez and Maceo are plotting the invasion of Matanzas. The headquarters of the new government have been established in Puerto Principe. have been established in Puerto Principe

rovince, and a systematic government is to on September 25 a Spanish column, 400 strong, met a party of insurgents, 300 in number, in the Lorna del Gato. They fought for an hour, the Spaniards losing a lieutenant and twenty-four soldiers killed and eighty-three soldiers wounded. The insurpents three soldiers wounded. The insure ats had a sergeant and five menkilled and eleven wounded. The Spaniards had to abandon helr position on top of Loma del Galo, leaving a quantity of provisions, which the rebels

NOTHING CAN CHECK IT.

Senor Varona Gives His Views on the Cuban Revolution New York, Oct. 9.-Senor Henrique Jose varona, one of the most eminent living Cubans, a noted writer on philosophy and literature, and a prominent member of the autonomist party, formerly editor of an autonomist paper, was interviewed on bis arrival yesterday on the steamship Seneca, from Havana, as to the statements recently made by Senor Mortero, another

Mr. Varona contradicted pointedly the assertions made by Mr. Mortero and de-clared that the revolution in Cuba, far from being insignificant was a most serious movement, progressing rapidly and daily gaining both in extent and strength. He said that if itsenward march was not He said that if its award march was not checked and for the present he did not see what could check it, it would reach before long all through the western extremity of the island. The Cuban people of that section were quite prepared for it and, if they had not yet risen it was for lack of

The revolutionary spirit was so rampant that an outbreak might take place at any moment. Matanzas was a boiling caldron and so was Clentuegos, and the other cities which apparently remained quiet. They were only waiting for an opportunity. Mr. Varona said that he could count on the lingers of his hand the Cubans who were not beart and soul with the revolution, al though many of them, unable to leave the place, were compelled to act as if they ere on the Spanish side.

DYNAMITED THE BRIDGE.

Insurgents Blew Up the Railway Structure at Sagua La Chica. Havana, Oct. 9.—Rebels exploded a dynamite cartridge under one of the pillars of the Saguas railway bridge over the River Sagua La Chica last evening, slightly damaging the structure. The injury was

repaired immediately.

The money chest and light artillery of the wrecked cruiser Cristobal Colon have been raised from the sunken hulk.

TO GET FACTS FROM CUBA

Olney May Send a Confidential Agent to the Island.

A confidential agent of the State De

partment may be sent to Caba. It is understood here that Secre

tary Olney is seriously considering such a step in order that the administration may be placed in possession of the actual situation on the island. While the Secretary has given the Cubar

matter a great deal of consideration, he has been unable to arrive at conclusi which will enable the Department to act.

The reports received are so conflicting that he considers it highly important that he should know the true status of the revolutionists, that the President and State Dapartment may be in a position to intelli gently determine whether the Cubans shall be recognized as belligerents, or, if not, what should be the proper attitude of this Government toward Spain and the Cubans.

MINISTER DE LOME'S ACTIONS. The Spanish side of the case is repre-sented by Senor de Lome, and that diplo matist naturally tries to convince the State

Concluded on Fourth Page-

Confusion in the Episcopal Convention Over the Primateship.

mendments Piled Upon the Rishops Report Until the Members Could Not Distinguish the Original.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 9 .- When the Episcopal deputies adjourned to-night after listening tomore or atory than has illuminated any previous day of the general convention nine-tenths or more of the number were groping in the dark and wondering just

'where they are at."
For hour after hour debate had been progressing on the report from bishops designating by the title of "Primate" the one who som eday in the dim and distant future might by virtue of seniority be the head of the church, but amendment after amendment had been piled upon each other and then dove-tailed into each other and then the whole mass kneaded into a big ball upon which was planted a substitute that covered anything and everything that had gone before it that the paritamentarians themselves were bewildered and confusion became con-

founded. To-morrow morning a vigorous effort will be made to agree with the representa-tive of the bishops and clear the matter from the calendar.

from the calendar.

The only important development of the day was the reaffirmations by the House of the title "Bishop Coadjutator" as a substitute for "Assistant Bishop," and the receipt of a message from the house of bishops approving the section of article 4, of the revision, providing for the creation of five "provinces" in this country, each province to be presided over by an "Archibishop."

The provision of the revision is "the bishops of each province shall elect one

bishops of each province shall elect one of their number to be primate of the province." The message will come up province." The message will come up for consideration later. It is said to night that the bishops have gone through seven articles of the constitution, while the house is still on the third section o first

ON VIRGINIA SOIL.

Connecticut Regiment Dedicates Momment at Winchester. Winchester, Va., Oct. 9.—The monume to the memory of the Eighteenth Connecticut

Volunteers, who fell during the late war, was dedicated in the National Cemetery here tothey spent the early moraing hours in driv-ing to the points of interest. About 10:30 they proceeded in carriages to the National Cemetery, preceded by the Friendship Mili-tary Band.

At the cemetery prayer was offered by Rev. A. C. Green, of Connecticut, An ad-dress of welcome by Mayor Lupton, of Win-chester, was responded to by Gen. W. G. Ely. William Carothers then presented the monument on behalf of the committee, to the regiment as the gift of the State of Connecti-cut. It was accepted by Cant. Brack, who cut. It was accepted by Capt. Brady, who formally turned it over to the National

GRAND ARMY EXCLUDED.

Were Not Allowed to Wear the Buttor in a Catholic Church.

Port Huron, Mich., Oct. 9.-Fred Smith, a veteran, was buried this morning under the auspices of William Sanborn Post, G.

The services were held at St. Joseph's Catholic Church, and conducted by Father Spacth. When the palibearers arrived at Spacth. When the pallbearers are the the church door they were requested by the the church door they were requested by the united to remove their G. A. R. badges. This united to the out-

The veterans are angry over the matter. Father Spacth said that in requesting the soldiers to remove their badges he was only soldiers to remove their badges he was only following the raise of the diocese, which states that no society, not approved by the church, is permitted to wear regalia in the church. It is not because the church is opposed to the Grand Army, but because it is not a Catholic organization.

FIRE CHIEFS' ELECTION.

Salt Lake City Chosen as Next Con-vention Place.

Augusta, Ga., Oct. 9.—The morning of the third day of the Fire Chiefs' Association was devoted to the inspection of the exhibits of the different fire fighting appliances and practical tests of many of

At the night session the officers of the At the figure session de angeles were elected. They are: President, Chief Frank J. Roulett, of Augusta, Ga.; secretary, Henry Hills, of Wyoming, Ohio; treasurer, D. C. Larkin, Dayton, Ohio; and vice presidents from each State, Territory and Province of Canada.

By the untiring efforts of Chief Devine, of Salt Lake City, Utah, he secured the convention for 1896. Salt Lake City received 81 votes, Duluth 26; Reading, Pa. 19; and Portland, Me. 7. The convention having finished all business, adjourned.

TRIAL OF THE INDIANA.

Foreign Officers Will Go With the Battleship on Saturday. Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—The battleship indiana will sail from Cramp's shipyard

on Saturday morning for her trial off the New England coast.

The Russian and Japanese governments will be represented aboard by their naval attaches at Washington, Past Captain Mortwargo and Commander N. Mityaoka. Gen.

D. W. Fingler, chief of ordinance, will represent the land arm of the service.

The trial board to-day made its inspection of the ship, but this was a mere formality, as the Indiana has been constructed under the direction of naval officers. Admiral

Ramsey was also at the shipyard to-day and went aboard the ship with the trial

Washingtonians in New York.

Washingtonians in New York.

(Special to The Times.)

New York, Oct. 9.—Arrivals: Mrs. Barker, T. H. Sherman, H. G. Brouse, Mrs. G. B. Welch, Miss L. McGill, Miss A. Mctz and Miss B. Rubenstein, buyers for Woodward & Lottrop, Mrs. J. W. Paditon, Mrs. Remmick, and Mrs. W. Smith, St. Denis, Mr. and Mrs. d. S. Bell, M. M. Arnistrong, C. H. Davison, E. H. Butler, and J. W. Smith, Glisey; D. R. Case, W. E. Curtis, E. G. Thomas, and D. E. Stevens, New Amsterdam; B. F. Gilbert, W. N. Hallman, J. McGraw, A. S. Coon, J. E. Davis, A. T. Hatch, B. K. Tgeall, and Mrs. S. M. Miller, Astor; E. N. Grax and J. H. Compton, St. Cloud; C. L. Sturtevant, H. Rowley, and B. Adams, Imperial; D. K. Varzatidian, Mrs. E. R. Buikley, T. Hyde, M. T. Crawford, and M. A. Janney, Everett; W. H. Church, P. J. Byrne, E. D. Purves, H. L. Townshend, and L. Knufman, Grand Union; J. B. Halloway, Fartholdi; A. S. Healy, W. G. Warden, and C. J. Wadekworth, St. Stephens; R. Hazelton, Sinclair; H. R. Hodges, S. E. State, W. D. Wood, and I. M. Potter, Strutevant, M. Pierre, H. E. Mills, H. M. Tattman, and D. I. Marphy. Morton, H. K. Van Buskitk, Reodeway Central; H. Cromwell and J. W. Davis, Netherland, G. F. Barney, Mr. and Mrs. P. Morray, and F. S. Hamlin, Grand; Mrs. W. A. Haury and Miss Haury, Westminster, W. P. Res. Barrett, Mrs. H. S. Turner, Park Avenue; E. C. Knower, U. S. A., Coleman, Gen. Albert Ordway and Henry Calver, Hoffman, and W. B. Jennings, St. James.



If He Remains Indifferent Longer Japan Will Take Her.

JAMES E. PUGH IS DEAD

General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Succumbs to Typhoid.

TAKEN IN HIS BEST YEARS

Only Forty-two Years Old and for Nearly Ten Years He Devoted His Energies to the Extension of His Association-Meeting of the Governors and Expressions of Sorrow.

James E. Pugh, for the past eight years the general secretary and the active leader of the Young Men's Christian Association work in this city, died yesterday at 4:30 p. m. at the home of his brother-in-law. Mr. H. W. Olmsted, No. 2108 Ward place northwest. At his bedside were his devoted wife, with her sister, Mrs. Olmsted, Mr. Olmsted, Assistant Secretary Harris,

and other near friends. He passed away quietly in the Christian's triumph over death. There was left an expression of perfect peace upon his fea-

tures. to-day, but thought nothing of his indisposition and refused to go to bed. He erect a building for the association in place of that recently burned. He had on hand also preparations for the annual meeting. It was not until Saturday, when he found that he had typhoid fever, that

he gave up. DANGEROUS SYMPTOMS. During the first two or three days he was very sick but on Monday be was better. His fever was lower and on Tuesday it sank below 100. Yesterday after midnight even below 100. Testeraay after miningsteven he seemed still to be improving. but with thecoming of morning unfavorable symptoms appeared. His fever rose rapidly and other dangerous conditions appeared. Dr. C. W. Brown, who had been attending

im called in Drs. Magrader, Muncaster and also other medical belp but the case was beyond hope. Shortly after noon their patient began to sink and there was no rally from that time till the end. As soon as the fact became known, words

of sympathy began pouring in from Mr. Pugh's hundreds of friends. A meeting of the board of managers of the Y. M. C. A. was called at the rooms in the Lenman

Among those present were: President Williamson, Messrs. S. W. Woodward, John B. Larner, William B. Gurley, Col. George Truesdell, Herbert L. Olmsted, George Traesdell, Herbert L. Offinstet, J. H. Leckliter, Judge Anson S. Taylor, E. W. Woodruff, T. A. Harding, Fred. E. Tosker, J. C. Pratt and G. W. Swartzell. A resolution, drafted by a committee com-posed of Mesars, Williamson, Woodward, Larner and Harding, was adopted, as

"We the board of managers of the "We the board of managers of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Washington, D. C., do express deep regret at the sudden death of our general secretary, Mr. James E. Pugh, whose life had been spent in touching and inspiring youngmen to live useful and noble lives."

Mr. Williamson said each member of the board of directors felt that he had lost a personal friend, the association an earnest and efficient officer, and the community a useful citizen.

and efficient officer, and the community a useful citizen.

The funeral services will be held at Founday M. E. Church Friday morning at 9:15 o'clock. Revs. Oliver A. Brown, of Foundry, Teunis S. Hamilin, of the Church of the Covenant, and Dr. George Elliot, former pastor of Foundry, but now at Spring Garden Church in Philadelphia, will conduct the Church in Philadelphia, will conduct the services. Dr. Elliot will preach the faneral sermon by joint request of Mrs. Pugh and the association managers. The interment

ndsburg, Pa., where Mrs. Pugh's home is. Honorary pall-bearers were appointed last night as follows: A. S. Woodward, T. A. Barding, E. W. Woodruff, Col. George Truesdell, William B. Gurley, and J. C.

HIS LIFE. James E. Pugh was born at Kingston, Canada, in 1852. He was a graduate of Kingston Military Institute. After leaving ool he traveled for a Canadian firm to make this country his home and became

to make this country his home and became naturalized.

At Stroudsburg, Pa., he became greatly interested in church work and first discovered his power in influencing youngmen to take up the Christian life. He then also became acquainted with Miss Alice Burnett and in 1880 they were married. Last mouth they celebrated their fifteenth anniversary. At Stroudsburg Mr. Pugh continued in business until he got an offer from a large drug firm in Philadelphia

Concluded on Second Page.

AMELIE RIVES DIVORCED.

Granted on Account of Incompatibility-No Sensational Charges.

New York, Oct. 9.—It is learned from Mr. W. G. Maxwell, of the law firm of Chanler, Maxwell & Philip, 120 Broadway, that a decree of divorce on the ground of incompatibility has been granted Mrs. Amelie Rives Chanler.

There was no opposition to the decree Nothing in the pleadings or the proceed-ings reflected on either of the parties. BIG THEATRICAL DEAL.

Managers Miner, McVickery and Brooks Have Formed a Syndicate. Detroit, Mich., Oct. 9.—Henry C. Miner,

H. McVickery, and Joseph Brooks today completed the plans for a syndicate in the control of theatrical matters, that will have an important bearing on the future of the stage. Their plan is to supply their own and other theaters with good theatrical own and other theaters with good theatrical enterfailmment.

They have hired an agent in London to watch for the best productions there and to secure options on anything that is novel. They have also contracted with George R.

Sims, of London, to write a meledrama, with Woolson Morse and J. Cheever Goodwin to write a musical comedy, and with Pierre de Courcelles for an historical play. They will secure two companies made up of the best people they can hire, and one comedy at McVicker's Theater, Chicago the other opening in Miner's Fifth Avenue Theater, New York, in the fall in Sim's new melodrama. The syndicate will adopt trade marks for all its companies and plays

BELL SAFELY INSTALLED.

Forty Thousand People Welcomed It at the Exposition. Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 9.—An imposing civil

and military parade this morning, escorted the Liberty Bell to the exposition park. The procession was two miles long. It was watched by countless thousands of spectators along the line of march. Public school children were present in immense crowds.

There were fully 40,000 people on the grounds. The bell was enthusiastically cheered along the route. Delegations of distinguished citizens from other States participated in the exercises and pleas-

res of the day. Never was such an enthusiastic and patriotic demonstration witnessed in Atlanta's history. It was the most notable day of the exposition. The exercises began at the grounds at 12 o'clock?

WOULD BUY THE C. & O. CANAL

Bids Submitted for the State of Mary land's Interest in It. Aunapolis, Md., Oct. 9.—Gov. Brown, as president of the board of public works. opened bids to-day for the purchase of the

Canal.

There were two bids as follows: Richard C. Kereus, of St. Lonis, \$526,000, and Cowen, Bryan & Bond, \$310,000.

The Washington and Cumberland Railroad Company submitted a proposition to take the canal and use it for a road bed under contrain conditions.

ertain conditions.

THE SPEECH DID IT.

ocialist Ellenbogen Was Expelled

Because He Talked.

Breslau, Oct. 9.—The arrest and expulsion from Germany of Dr. Ellenbogen, Austrian delegate to the Socialist congress, yesterday is attributed to a speech deliv-ered by him in laudation of socialism, to-gether with the fact of his entering Germany

without proper papers.

The report of the expulsion from the congress of Fran Zelkin, the editress of the Stuttgart Gleichheit, was erroneous. She delivered a speech in the congress upon the subject of the emancipation of women.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 9 .- Hinda Fink. aged 103, died here yesterday at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Freedman, No. 352 Chinton street. She was born in Schwendt, Poland, in 1792, and came to this country and city fourteen years ago She had been a widow for forty four years. She was remarkably active up to within three months, when she began to fall.

Fatal Floods in Italy.

Rome, Oct. 9.—Bevere rain atorms have caused floods in several parts of Italy. Many deaths by drowning are reported, and there has been serious loss of cattle, crops and property. In many places the railways have been hundated and traffic stopped. More definite details are not yet obtainable. ret obtainable.

Another False Alarm of Fire. A false alarm of fire was sounded Box 124 about 8:07 o'clock last night.

THEY FIGHT IN ARKANSAS

Hot Springs Chosen for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Mill.

NO PENALTY SAVE A FINE

Governor Clark Says It Shall Not Take Place, But Ample Goarantee Against Non-Interference Has Been Given. Date the Same as Before-Investigations by Travis County Grand Jury.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 9.-The conference at Dallas regarding the Corbett-Fitzsin mons prize fight ended about 6 o'clock this evening, and Hot Springs, Ark., was selected as the location for the battle. The law of that Statemakes pugilistic encounters a misdemeanor with a maximum fine of

Gov. Clarke, of Arkansas, says the fight shall not take place, but the managers are satisfied with the very strong presentation made by the Hot Springs agents and se-lected that place. The date is the same-

morning that federal interference was a certainty, destroyed Ardmore's chances. The trainers, fighters and others of the county grand jury to-day at Austin, and the indications are good for indictments for Stuart, Corbett and Fitzsimmons for conspiracy in Texas to commit a felony

in another State.
CORBETT WON TFIGHTINPRIVATE. Dallas, Tex., Oct. 9.—At a meeting of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons prize fight promoters held in this city this afternoon, Martin Julian, Fitzsimmons' representative, caused a big sensation by making a direct proposi-tion to William A. Brady representing Cor-bett, that Brady did not see litto immediately

accept.

Juian's proposition was that in tievent the Florida Athletic Club can be bring off the battle anywhere, then Fitz-simmons will light Corbett for the stakes alone, \$10,000 n side, in private, with six men on a side. Corbett has not ac-

Austin, Tex., Oct. 9.-William Delaney, Dr. McDonald, John McVey and Joe Cor-bett, of Corbett's party, were all before the grand jury this morning, and it is learned they were questioned very closely as to the actions of Corbett and Fitzsim-

nons in preparing for their fight.
It is the evident intention of the grand jury to drive Corfect and Pitzsimmon out of the State by finding indictment against them under the common law for assisting a fight on Texas soil. Delane and party return to San Antonio this at ternoon. They say they are through testi-fying and really know no more now than

WILLING TO FIGHT IN ARKANSAS San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 9.—Corbett did but little training work to-day owing to the absence of all of his trainers wheare at Austin as witnesses before the district grand jury. He took a long walk this morning and exercised with the athletic appliances but spent the after-noon quietly at his cottage with his wife. Corbett stated this evening to the United Press correspondent that he was perfectly willing to fight in Hot Springs, Ark. If the fight can be pulled off there without interference. He stated that he had re-ceived no word from Manager Brady to

ceived no word from Manager Brady today as to the result of the conference at
Datlas. Brady is at Austin also and
President Stuart will probably not render
a decision as to the location of the fight
nutil the grand jury makes its report.
Corpus Christi, Tex., Oct. 9.—The announcement from Datlas to-day that if the
date and place of the fight is not made
known inside of forty-eight hours the
forfeit money will be given to Corbett and
Fitzsinimous, and the fight declared off,
does not satisfy Fitzsinimons. He is does not satisfy Fitzsinimons. He is anxious for the fight to take place. Fitz-

Only a Landstide.

St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 9.—The report that earthquakes had occurred in New foundland yesterday is untrue. A heavy rain storm which has been prevailing caused a landslide, blocking railroads and destroying a few bridges. This fact probably gave rise to the report of seismic disturbances.

Auction Sales To-day. Auction Sales To-day.

Eighth street southeast brick dwelling, No. 709, part lot 21, square 904. Sale Thursday, October 10, 4:30 p. m., Immediately thereafter frame dwelling on 1 street southeast, No. 706, part lot 4, square 904. By order of Samuel Cross and J. Holdsworth Gordon, trustees.

DUNCANSON BROS., Auctioneers.

KNOCKED OVER BY A CAR DURRANT TELLS HIS TALE

Singular Death of an Engineer in a Railroad Wreck.

Train Jumped the Track and Rolled Over on Another Road-Several Persons Seriously Injured.

Johnstown, Pa., Oct. 9.-The mail express on the Pennsylvania railroad which left Philadelphia at 7 a. m. to-day was wrecked at Manor Station, near Pittsburg, at 7:30 to-night, and one man was killed, several fatally and ten or tweive seriously

The wreck occurred about 150 yards

The wreck occurred about 150 yards west of Manor while the train was ronning at the rate of fifty miles per hour. The second car from the rear jamped the track and rolled over on its side across the tracks of the Manor Valley railroad.

John W. Miller, the conductor of a Pennsylvanid Railroad freight, No. 4,156, which was side-tracked, was standing on one of the tracks waiting for the nail express to pass. When the car of the latter flew the rails it struck Miller, instantly killing him. John Baker, a mail carrier at Manor, who was also standing nearby, was struck by the car and seriously, but not fatally injured.

As quickly as possible after the wreck had occurred, a train was made up, and the sixty or trore passengers in the had occurred, a train was made up, and the sixty or t-ore passengers in the wrecked cars, including six or seven of the injured, were taken to Phitsburg. The names of the injured at Manor are unobtainable, but there are three or four there in a precarious condition, includ-ing a man and wife, betther of whom will give their names.

give their names.
Eight doctors, with stretchers, arrived at Manor at 11:30 to-night, on a special train from Pittsburg, to attend the wounded. UNDER OLD BLANDFORD'S TREES.

Gen. Mahone's Remains Laid to Rest by His Former Comrades. Petersburg, Va., Oct. 9.—Gen. Mahone's remains reached here at 10 o'clock this morning from Washington and were met at the depot by an immense crowd. A. P. Hill Camp of Confederate Veterans and other ex-Confederate soldlers turned out in large numbers.

The body was placed in a hearse drawn

by five white horses and taken to the late residence of the deceased on Market street, where it was viewed by a large number of St. Paul's Episcopal Church was taxed

St. Paul's Episcopal Church was taxed to its utmost capacity this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Quite a large crowd come over from Richmond, among whom were members of R. E. Lee Camp of Confederates and several prominent Republicans, who were warm friends of General Mahone.

The "Peter-burg Grays" and A. P. Hill Camp of Confederate Veterans, and other oid soldiers, who served under Mahone during the war between the Figure 4t-tended the funeral in a body and escorted the remains to the cemetery.

The Juneral service was conducted by Rev. C. R. Hains, rector of Grace Episcopal Church in this city. The interment was in the family vault of the detreased in Bhandford Cemetery, and thousands of people witnessed the procession as it passed through the streets.

TAMMANY'S TICKET.

Put on Platform "Without Bigotry, Puritanism and Rooseveltism." New York, Oct. 9.—The Democratic county convention met to-night at Tam-many Hall and nominated the following

ticket For Justices of the Sepreme Court, Charles H. Truax, Hendrick Smyth and Charles MacLeau. For Judges of the Court of General Ses-sions, Joseph E. Newburger and General Mactin, T. McMahon.

Martin T. McMahon. For justice of the city court, Robert A. Vanwick, John P. Suchman, and Edward

Vanwack, John P. Sacaman, and Edwar P. Dwyst. For county clerk, Henry D. Pursoy. For register, William Soltmer. The convention was called to order a 8:10 p.m. William Sulzer was name as temporary chairman, and made a brief speech, in which he advocated a liberal platform, "a platform," as he put it. "without race, without creed, without bigotry, without Puritanism, and without seveltism either.

WITH ALL ON BOARD.

Steamer Africa Believed to Have
Foundered in Owen Sound.

3tokes Bay, Ont., Oct. 9.—On Monday
evening the steamer Africa, of Owen
Sound, coal laden, baving in tow the
barge Severn of Toronto, also coal laden,
was proceeding up Lake Huron, bound
for Owen Sound, when, owing to heavy for Owen Sound, when, owing to heavy weather, she was compelled to let the

The Severn being stripped of canvas, had to run before the gale until Loyal Island was reached, where she went on the beach and now ties a total wreck. The crew, who were sixed by some ishermen, after being in the rigging twenty hours, say that soon after being east off ig the Africa, the latter vessel, which had been rolling heavily, suddenly disap-cared and they think she went down with

MR. BAYARD IS SILENT.

He Declines to Discuss Lord Sackville' Latest Out-Break. London, Oct. 9.—The representative of the United Press called to-day upon Ambassador Bayard, who is the guest of the Marquis of Bath, at Longleat, Warminster Wiltshire, in reference to the attack mad

upon him by Lord Sackville.

Mr. Bayard said that the matter was entirely out of his hands and was contained in the official diplomatic correspondence exchanged between Great Batain and the United States, in 1888. Mr. Bayard added that he would say

nothing more, the foregoing being all that was necessary.

President of Red Cross Society at President of Red Cross Society at Women's National Council.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 9.—Miss Clara Barton was the starspeaker at the National Council of Women to-day. Her address on the Red Cross movement was delivered in the Woman's Building.

The second number on the programme was the "report of the committee on dress," which was read by Annie White Johnson of Illinois, a woman promisent

Johnson of Illinois, a woman prominent in her State. The National League of in her State. The National League of Colored Women was represented by Sarah L. Franklin, a young colored woman from Washington. Hannah J. Baitey of Maine, read a paper on the Woman's Foreign Missionary Union. The other papers on the programme went over until to-morrow.

here at midnight. Thirty houses were de-stroyed and at one time it looked as if the entire town would be burned. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, and many poor people

Cruel to His Horse. Charles Smith, a grocer, was arrested last evening by Policeman Britt, of No. 3 precinct, on complaint of Humane Officer Habbitt, who charges Smith with having been cruel to his horse.

Denies He Killed or Assaulted Blanche Lamont.

HIS MANNER ENTIRELY CALM

Accompanied the Girl at Her Request on the Day of the Murder and Left Her at the Church-Never Saw Her Again-Not on the Car With Her. Fixing Burners in the Organ Loft,

San Francisco, Oct. 9.—The sensation of the defense in the Durrant case was intro-duced to-day when Toodore Durrant took the stand. He walked to it with a firm step and related his story of what transpired on the 3d of April with characteristic coolness. He was permitted to trace his movements from the time he left his home in the morning

until he retired at ngibt. Hesald that nestarted from his home to visit that of Organist King, but on the way met Blanche Lamont, who was standing on a corner waiting for a car. As she said she was late for school, Durrant, at her suggestion, accompanied her as far as the school while he himseqif went to Cooper College where he remained until noon. At the intermission he set the college for a half bour. On returning he learned that the early afternoon lecture had been postponed.

ATTENDED DR. CHENEY'S LECTURE.

He then waiked a few blocks with another student, remaining away from the cullege about an hoar. He mentioned two students with whom he conversed at the college after noon. One of these, Student Diggns, has already testified that he had a conversation, as stated by Durrant, but he did not remember the date. Durant said he attended the lecture of Dr. Cheney that afternoon, which began at 3:30 and lasted forty-five minutes.

He said he remained at the lecture until

its close, and took notes, which were produced and put in evidence. These notes, as introduced, were made by him at the lecture.

After the lecture, Durront said he left the college and went by car to within a block of the church, and thence walked to it, entering it by the rear door. He went to the library room, there left shis toot and then went to the auditorium floor. His purpose in going to the church was to fix the vibrator on the electric apparatus connecting with one of the sunformers, and he intended at first to reach this by going un to the attic in the rear this by going up to the attic in the rear part of the church. He did start up that way, but changed his mind and went up to the gallery in front, leaving a door

NAUSEATED BY THE GAS. NAUSEATED BY THE GAS.

In the gallery be turned the gas partly on and then ascended to the space occupied by the simburners by means of a ladder. He repaired the electric vibrator on one of the burners, then tried all the jets to see that they would light from the electric spark and finding everything satisfactory descended to the gallery and turned off the gas. While working on vibrator the odor of the gas anusented him and made him feel faint.

From the gallery where he turned off

From the gallery where he turned off the gas there was a staircase in front by which he could have descended to the library room in the first floor where his coat was, but instead of taking it he passed through the auditorium of the church and went down a rear stairway to the floor below where Organist King was practicing on a plane. His reason for going down this way was that he desired to close the rear door he had left open when he changed his mind about the way he should get to the sunbarners.

Durrant said he heard King playing on the piano while he was at work on the sunbarner and knew King was in the Sunday achool from when he went thither.

COLLIN HAVE THE THE CHANGE.

COULD HAVE LEFT THE CHURCH. Had he desired to do so, he might have gone down the front staircase, got his coat, and left the church unknown to King, who did not have a view of the front part of the edifice. Durrant's description of what occurred when he came into the room where King was agreed with what King had testified to. While King was absent to get him the bromo-seitzer, Durrant said he lay down on a platform, with his hands

under his head, and rested until King re-Durrant admitted that there was an odor of gas in the lower part of the church when he entered, and said it was strong when he entered, and said it was strong enough in the upper part to nauseate him. He did not know where the gas came from which caused the odor, and said he knew nothing about gas or gas fixtures. All the repairing he had done in the church was on the electrical apparatus. He was questioned by purces as to the gas which he said had overcome him and

answered in a satisfactory and unlessitating answered in a satisfactory and unlessitating way. He also took a fac simile of an electric vibrator he said he was fixing, and standing beforethe jury box explained in detail what was wrong with it and how he remedied the defect. He showed his competency as an electrician and gave a plausible explanation of his action of the time when it is believed the murder of Blanche Lamont was being effected not 100 feet distant from the position is says he occupied. He also made position he says he occupied. He also made a diagram on a blackboard showing one of

Durrant said that when he took off his coat in the library he looked at his watch and saw it was 4:55, or thirty-five minutes later than the witnesses for the prosecu-tion testified they saw him near the church with Bianche Lamont.

with Blanche Lamout.

The most dramatic of the incidents of the day was when the counsel came to ask him directly about the murder. Every ear in the crowded courtroom was bent to hear his answers, which were delivered in a clear, calm voice, without feeling of any kind. He denied that he was at the

Lastly, he said he did not accompany Blanche Lamont or any one else to the church.
After his counsel solemnly asked b if he had ever directly or indirectly had a part in a felonious assault upon Manche

"Never," replied the accused man.
DID NOT KILL HER.

DID NOT KILL HER.

"Did you kill or participate in the killing of Blanche Lamont in this city and county, on the third of April, or at any other place at any time?" he was then asked. He replied: "I did not."

Durrant also denied that he ever visited the pawnshop of Adelph Oppenheim to sell Miss Lamont's ring and named places he had been at every morning between April 4 and 10, the dates between which Oppenheim said Durrant's visit was made. The last question asked him by his attorney was regarding the size of his shoe, which he said was a number seven.

On cross-examination, Durrant denied that

was a number seven.

On cross-examination, Durrant denied that he had been in the charch tower for several months, except on the day he and the jury visited the premises and said he had never seen the hatchet found with the dead girl's clothing in the tower, or used tools from the box in Pastor Gibson's Study.

He will be further cross-examined to-

UNCLE SAM'S OPPORTUNITY.